

Survey of the Old Testament

I. Why Did God Give Us the Old Testament? The Old Testament as Theology

1. The key to understanding how to _____ the Old Testament is understanding why God gave us the OT.
2. A few possibilities...
 - A. For _____ information?
 - B. For moral lessons?
 - C. For _____ studies?
 - D. For examples in life?
3. A much _____ purpose...
 - A. A foundational purpose at the _____ of Old Testament history...
 - a. We want to know it.
 - b. We want to _____ it.
 - c. We want to proclaim it.
 - B. The purpose of the OT is to reveal how God _____ His people for His kingdom.
 - a. How God redeems His people...
 - C. God is restoring His people to Himself.
 - D. God is re _____ us in His image.
 - a. For His kingdom.
 - E. What is a kingdom?
 - a. _____ who are ruled by the King.
 - b. A _____ where the King has dominion.
 - c. A _____ for the King and His Kingdom.
 - F. _____ Kingdom...
 - a. God is bringing His people...
 - b. To His place...
 - c. For His purpose...
 - G. A _____ for understanding the storyline of the OT...
 - a. A progressive story.
 - b. An _____ story.

II. Eden (Genesis 1-2)

1. People- God's blessing on His people.
 - A. The Sovereign King creates man and woman as the _____ of His creation.
 - B. _____ complementary accounts of creation display unique relationship between God and man.
 - a. Genesis 1, which is cosmic and _____ in its scope.
 - b. Genesis 2, which is decidedly man-centered (anthropomorphic).
 - C. Man constantly _____ the love of God
2. Place- Perfect fellowship
 - A. The very best place of all- the garden of _____ in Eden.
 - B. Eden is a place where all relationships are perfect.
 - a. Between God and _____.
 - b. Between man and woman.
 - c. Between man and his _____.
3. Purpose- God's glory multiplied to all peoples.
 - A. Created in God's image, man _____ God Himself as the sovereign over all creation.
 - B. Man's purpose:

- a. To _____ a relationship with God (Gen. 1:26a).
- b. To _____ over all creation (Gen. 1:26b).
- c. To _____ God's glory to the ends of the earth (Gen. 1:28).

III. Fall (Genesis 3-11)

I. People- God's blessing and judgement through Adam and Eve.

A. Two results of the Fall...

- a. Righteous _____.
- b. Undeserving _____.

B. Salvation and judgement are now _____ and complementary aspects of the action of God in bringing in His kingdom.

C. Two _____ of human development (Gen. 4-11).

- a. An ungodly line expressing human sin and inviting God's judgement
- b. A _____ line showing God's purpose of grace to make people for Himself

2. Place- Disrupted fellowship

A. All _____ are now disrupted...

- a. Their is discord between God and man...
 - i. _____ (Gen. 3:7).
 - ii. _____ (Gen. 3:8).
 - iii. _____ (Gen. 3:10).
- b. Their is discord between man and woman (Gen. 3:16).
- c. Their is discord between man and his environment (Gen. 3:17).

B. Fallen man is _____ the garden.

3. Purpose- God's glory marred for all peoples.

A. Man is now only free to be what his is- a sinner who _____ God.

B. The picture of man after the Fall...

- a. Total disobedience to the purpose of God (Gen. 11:2).
- b. Total _____ for the glory of God (Gen. 11:4).

IV. Patriarchs (Genesis 12-50)

1. People- God's blessing and judgement through Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob.

A. God establishes a _____ people (Israel).

- a. *"I will make you into a great nation and I will bless you; I will make your name great, and you will be a blessing. I will bless those who bless you..."* (Gen. 12:2-3)

B. God promises to _____ Abraham and his descendants.

- a. Genesis 12:1-3; 15:1-6; 17:1-27).

C. God's promise received by grace alone through _____ alone.

2. Place- Promised fellowship

A. God establishes a covenant place.

- a. *"Leave your country, your people, and your father's household and go to the _____ I will show you."* (Gen. 12:1)

B. God continually gives _____ of promised fellowship in the land.

- A. Isaac (Gen. 26:1-6); Jacob (Gen. 28:10-22); Joseph (Gen. 39).

3. Purpose- God's glory made known to all peoples through His faithfulness.

A. God provides a _____ for His promise to be realized (Gen. 22).

- B. God promises to establish His kingdom for all _____ through His people (Gen. 17:6; 35:11; 49:9-10).